SIPP



# **Commercial Property Purchase and Maintenance Guide**

Applies to:

- Modular iSIPP (Modular iPlan)
- Private Client SIPP
- Wrap SIPP

30 minute read

This is an important document. Please keep it safe for future reference.

## Important information

Before reading this guide, please refer to the table below to check which options are available for your SIPP.

This table shows different scenarios in which properties may be self managed by the SIPP customer or managed by our property manager.

For more information please see the Property management section on page 11 of this guide.

## Property purchase and management options

Scenario	Modular iSIPP (Modular iPlan) (opened before 05/12/14)	Modular iSIPP (Modular iPlan) (opened on or after 05/12/14)	
I do not currently own a property in my SIPP. Can I buy a new property and self- manage it?	NO	On 5/12/2014, the option to open a Modular iSIPP and self-manage a property within it was withdrawn.	
I currently own and self manage a property in my SIPP. Can I buy a new property and self-manage it?	YES (if not VAT opted) NO (if VAT opted)	On 5/12/2014, the option to open a Modular iSIPP and self-manage a property within it was withdrawn.	
Can I buy out another SIPP customer's share of their self-managed property and continue to self-manage it?	YES	On 5/12/2014, the option to open a Modular iSIPP and self-manage a property within it was withdrawn.	
I am a beneficiary of a pension sharing order or death benefit. Can I continue to own and self-manage the property that is currently held and self-managed in the SIPP of which I am a beneficiary?	YES	On 5/12/2014, the option to open a Modular iSIPP and self-manage a property within it was withdrawn.	
Can I buy a new property in my SIPP and appoint James Hay's property manager to manage it?	YES	YES	
Can I buy out another customer's share of their managed property and continue to have it managed by James Hay's property manager?	YES	YES	
I am a beneficiary of a pension sharing order or death benefit. Can I continue to own a property that is currently held in the SIPP and managed by James Hay's property manager if I am a beneficiary, and can I continue to have it managed by James Hay's property manager?	YES	YES	

# Property purchase and management options (continued.)

Scenario	Private Client SIPP	Wrap SIPP (opened before 05/12/14)	Wrap SIPP (opened on or after 05/12/14)
I do not currently own a property in my SIPP. Can I buy a new property and self- manage it?	NO	NO	NO
I currently own and self manage a property in my SIPP. Can I buy a new property and self-manage it?	NO	YES (if not VAT opted, please speak to our Property Team for further information on self managing your property) NO (if VAT opted)	NO
Can I buy out another SIPP customer's share of their self-managed property and continue to self-manage it?	NO	YES (Please speak to our Property Team for further information on self managing your property)	NO
I am a beneficiary of a pension sharing order or death benefit. Can I continue to own and self-manage the property that is currently held and self-managed in the SIPP of which I am a beneficiary?	NO	YES (Please speak to our Property Team for further information on self managing your property)	NO
Can I buy a new property in my SIPP and appoint James Hay's property manager to manage it?	YES	YES	YES
Can I buy out another customer's share of their managed property and continue to have it managed by James Hay's property manager?	YES	YES	YES
I am a beneficiary of a pension sharing order or death benefit. Can I continue to own a property that is currently held in the SIPP and managed by James Hay's property manager if I am a beneficiary, and can I continue to have it managed by that property manager?	YES	YES	YES

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## Section 1



## Introduction

Property purchasing and leasing through a Self Invested Personal Pension (SIPP) is complex, as all transactions must satisfy HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) and other regulatory requirements. This guide is designed to help you understand the processes involved and our specific requirements.

Please read this guide carefully. Answers to frequently asked questions can be found at the end of this guide.

If you have any further questions, please call your Customer Support Team or our general enquiry number 03455 212 414, or reach out to your financial adviser.

## Glossary

When the following words are used in this guide, this is what they mean:

- We/Us/Our: any of the Trustee Companies associated with James Hay Partnership
- You: the SIPP customer(s)
- Valuer/Surveyor: a person who is a qualified member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) who must be independent of the customer
- **SIPP:** any of the relevant SIPP products offered by James Hay Partnership, as detailed on the front page of this guide
- Connected party/person: as defined under s 161(8) Finance Act 2004, ss 993 to 995 Income Tax Act 2007 and ss 450, 1122, 1123 and 1124 Corporation Tax Act 2010, connected parties are members, close relatives, partners or any company associated with a member or their family.

## **Key points**

This section briefly outlines some of the main points that are explained in greater detail within this guide:

#### **Getting started**

- The Commercial Property Questionnaire must be fully completed (with all necessary supporting information) before we can consider the proposal.
- A SIPP may be used to purchase a freehold or leasehold commercial property, including tenanted land.
- Residential property may not be acquired through a James Hay SIPP.
- The SIPP trustee must always be legally represented in any transaction (or litigation) by a firm from our property panel. A list of firms on our property panel can be found on our **website**.
- A RICS red book valuation is required for all property acquisitions. Where you (our customer) are the seller, the price paid by the SIPP must be substantiated by the RICS valuation. Where the seller is an unconnected third party, the purchase price must be within a margin plus or minus 10% of the market value of the property as confirmed by a Valuer. All valuations must be addressed to the relevant Trustee of your SIPP, and the charge will be paid from your SIPP fund.
- The property must not have any title restrictions or liabilities attached to it, of a kind which are unacceptable to us.

#### **Environmental matters**

- Environmental matters, including the possible presence of asbestos, are of considerable concern to us, and they may result in a reduction in the value of your investment property. Your pension fund and/or tenant could also incur environmental liabilities in the event that the property is found to be contaminated or the cause of other environmental damage.
- The Valuer is required to report on environmental matters when they prepare their valuation. We will require a 'desk-top' environmental report on the property, which will be at your pension fund's expense, and we may be unable to proceed if the result is unsatisfactory.

- Ground rents may not be purchased through any of our products.
- You and/or your advisers must ensure that the purchase price of the property and all associated costs are available from permitted pension contributions, transfers or secured lending.
  Funding must be in place before we can exchange contracts. Please make sure you are aware of the tax implications before making any contributions.
- If a mortgage is needed, we must be satisfied that the rental income from the property is sufficient to meet the repayments and other costs of dealing with the property. The legislation requires that an amount no greater than 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund can be borrowed.
- The lender must agree that our liability under any mortgage will be limited to the assets of the particular pension fund and to all our other procedural requirements.
- A property can be bought for the benefit of more than one SIPP. In that case, each SIPP will benefit in proportion to its financial contribution to the purchase.

- The SIPP pack contains questionnaires relating to environmental matters and certain building materials which may have been used during construction of the property, and the Valuer will be required to complete these at the time of their report. If the Valuer is not able to complete these questionnaires, an appropriate Building Surveyor will need to be instructed. The information provided by the questionnaires may affect the insurability of the property.
- With effect from 1 April 2018, new legislation came into operation in respect of Energy Performance Certificates (EPC) covering property in England and Wales. The new regulations mean that landlords (or owners) must ensure their property meets the Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards (MESS) before a new lease or tenancy is granted. As a commercial landlord this requirement would apply to all property held within a SIPP. We therefore require an EPC is obtained for all new property purchases, with the Certificate carrying a minimum E rating to allow any proposed purchase to proceed.

## Key points (continued)

#### Lettings

- A vacant property must be let on or before completion of the acquisition, under a formal lease with a minimum annual rental of £2,000 per annum.
- A property may be bought subject to existing leases if they are on terms that are acceptable to us.
- All lettings must be on commercial terms approved by a Valuer. HMRC expects us to manage all properties on a commercial basis, including where the tenant is you, or connected to you. This may include the use of legal action or bailiffs to pursue rent arrears. Failure to collect rent on a commercial basis from connected tenants could lead to an unauthorised benefit arising, resulting in scheme sanction charges and tax charges on you personally.

#### Lending

 If your SIPP needs a mortgage to acquire a property, it is a legislative requirement that the loan sum cannot exceed 50% of the net value of your SIPP. Rental income from the property must also meet loan repayments and other property costs or fees.

#### **Property management**

• We will normally appoint our property manager agents to manage your property. In certain circumstances, it may be possible to choose to manage the property yourself or instruct a professional property manager to manage it on your SIPP's behalf.

#### Value Added Tax (VAT)

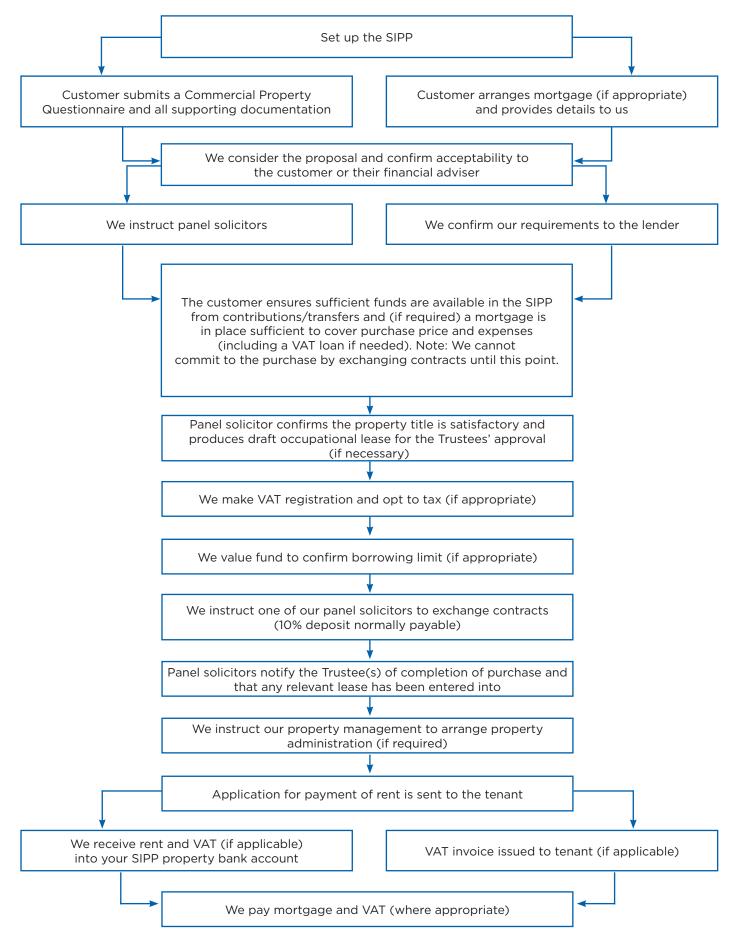
- If VAT is payable on the purchase price, a VAT loan may be required. You must make arrangements for the VAT loan until the VAT is recovered from HMRC. A VAT loan will be included within the 50% borrowing limit.
- Even if VAT is not payable on the purchase price at completion, there may be circumstances where the property can be made subject to VAT after completion. VAT is then payable on the rent.

• The lender must agree that our liability under any mortgage will be limited to the value of the assets of your SIPP and to all our other procedural requirements.

Please refer to the Property Purchase and Management Options chart at the beginning of the guide to ascertain whether the option to self-manage your property is available to you.

 We cannot provide you with VAT advice. If the property is VAT opted (or to be VAT opted) you must seek independent VAT advice before instructing us.

#### Progressing the purchase - a summary



## Section 2



## Commercial property purchase and general information

#### Introduction

The purchase of a property within a SIPP is one of the most complex transactions for a SIPP to undertake because:

- the proposal must comply with HMRC and other rules and regulations, as well as our requirements,
- there are numerous parties involved in the transaction, for example: buyer, seller, tenant, solicitors, valuer and possibly a lender (or other 3rd parties),
- for various reasons, a purchase may not proceed to exchange of contracts.

You must first fully complete and return the **Commercial Property Questionnaire** with all supporting documentation listed in the checklist section of that questionnaire, before we can assess the viability and acceptability of the purchase. If your SIPP requires finance to purchase the property, please make them aware of our requirements contained within the Arranging Finance section of this guide.

Following our review of your proposal, we may need to ask further questions or request additional information. To avoid delays, please come back to us as quickly as possible using the contact details at the back of this guide.

#### Timescale

We cannot in any circumstances guarantee any timescale for completion, as many aspects of a property purchase are beyond our control. In our experience, it typically takes between 8 and 12 weeks from the instruction of solicitors. It's essential that the SIPP is set up before the purchase commences. We'll need your help to ensure that everything is in place in good time for the transaction to be successfully completed. Failure to provide the information we require may delay the purchase process, and we cannot be held responsible for the consequences of such delay nor if the vendor decides to sell to another buyer.

#### **Ownership**

James Hay Pension Trustees Limited (registered in England with number 01435887) ("Trustee") is the corporate trustee entity appointed within the trust deed and rules of the SIPP scheme to hold assets within your SIPP. The Trustee is the sole trustee of your SIPP and will therefore be the sole legal owner of the property.

#### Exchange

You must not commit us to a date for exchange of contracts or completion of the purchase because that date may be unattainable for reasons beyond your or our control. We will not instruct solicitors or exchange contracts unless our requirements at the appropriate stages have been fully satisfied, and any financial obligations can be met either through the assets of your SIPP or through an agreed mortgage.

#### Auctions

The purchase of a property at auction can be particularly complex because all due diligence and funding must be in place before the auction commences. This is particularly challenging where there is only limited information available within the auction pack and the purchase price is unknown until the day of the auction. You must therefore refer to us well in advance of the auction. We must not be named as the buyer in any auction conditions or contract without our prior agreement. Please refer to the Charges Schedule for your SIPP for details of our property charges.

#### Communication

Where more than one SIPP member is investing, you will be asked to nominate one member as the main point of contact. This member will be responsible for ensuring all correspondence is passed to all members.

## What may be acquired in the SIPP?

#### Property must be commercial

HMRC imposes no restrictions on what type of property, can be bought. However certain types, such as residential property, would lead to tax charges being applied to you personally and the SIPP. **We do not allow purchase such taxable property through the SIPP fund.** 

#### Buying the property

Property can be purchased from:

- an independent third party, or
- you or a close relative, partner or any company associated with you or anyone else connected with you. In this case, it must be purchased at the market value as certified by a Valuer.

#### No moveable property or goodwill

We will not buy moveable property: furniture, plant and machinery, fittings or business goodwill. We will only acquire the land and fabric of the building.

#### Agricultural land

Agricultural land is normally acceptable but please contact us for more information as to any special requirements in such cases.

#### **Development land and trading**

We will not hold land intended for development simply as a land bank, due to the risk that this would be deemed trading by HMRC. This includes vacant and/or bare development sites, or small plots forming part of land banking schemes (where larger sites are divided into smaller plots to sell to investors, with the promise it will rise in value once it's available for development).

# Properties/land adjacent to properties/land that you or a connected party already owns

Please inform us if you or a connected party owns any land or property adjacent to that which you wish us to buy through the SIPP. Please note:

#### When the SIPP property is sold under a Modular iSIPP:

If it is part of a combined transaction with all or part of your own land, additional valuation advice will be required to ensure the SIPP fund is credited with the appropriate proportion of the overall sale value.

# When the SIPP property is sold under a Private Client SIPP or Wrap SIPP:

We require the Valuer to confirm that they are physically and practically separate and that there is no marriage value (i.e. no enhanced value for the fact the property is adjacent).

#### **Right to refuse**

We reserve the right to refuse to purchase any property at our sole discretion, particularly where:

- there is likelihood of significant management or resale difficulties
- there is likelihood of significant environmental exposure (e.g. petrol stations, vehicle maintenance premises)
- the property is subject to particularly onerous restrictions, obligations or liabilities
- it is not compliant with the Building Safety Act 2022
- a property which is, or may be, affected by Reinforced Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (RAAC) and cannot be insured on standard terms by our block insurer.

#### **Overseas property**

The purchase of overseas property is not permitted within your SIPP.

#### Transfer of a property as a contribution

We can not accept the transfer of a property as a contribution of an asset.

#### **Property title**

#### Leasehold

Whilst the property would normally be freehold, leasehold property may be purchased where the lease is a long lease (has at least 50 years remaining) at a nominal (peppercorn) ground rent with no onerous obligations or restrictions.

If the ground rent and any services charges exceed £500 per annum, we will not be able to proceed with the transaction unless the head lease incorporates our standard Limitation of Liability clause. We would expect negotiations with a Superior Landlord to be carried out by the member. This would include, but is not limited to, works and repairs, service charges, insurance, security and general queries.

Please supply a copy of the head lease for our review with the **Commercial Property Questionnaire**. 6

## What may be acquired in the SIPP? (continued)

#### **Title obligations**

The same will apply to a service charge or onerous maintenance obligations for which we could be personally liable. These can apply to freehold or long leasehold properties. We will need full information about past and estimated charges and cash to be held against such liability, if it is substantial.

#### Multi-let units

Multi-let units have increased obligations on the landlord. We therefore insist you appoint a local, suitably qualified agent to deal with the collection and administration of service charges and all accounting related requirements, as well as landlord obligations arising under the leases, estate management issues and to ensure compliance with statutory obligations that fall on the landlord. Charges for this may be borne by the SIPP or on the tenants depending on the detail of each case.

## Property development

#### **Our considerations**

Development of commercial property within a SIPP can be undertaken but we must ensure our interests are also fully protected. We therefore reserve the right to refuse to agree to a development if this cannot be achieved. Other than for minor improvements, a project manager (a qualified surveyor or architect) must be appointed.

When improvement works are proposed either as part of an acquisition transaction or to a property which is already held in your SIPP, please contact us before any contractors are engaged or works are started. Improvements must be of a capital nature rather than for the benefit of an individual tenant's business. The latter may be carried out by the tenant as improvements under the terms of the lease.

#### **Building and works contracts**

Any development or works to be carried out to a property held within your SIPP must be financed by your SIPP fund. Where works or development are proposed please contact us with full details and we will supply our requirements. A contract must be entered into before work can commence. Our liability must be limited to the value of your SIPP fund under that contract.

Please note that appropriate controls must be in place over the chosen contractor working at the property, especially relating to heat works where a hot works permit may be required.

#### Building Safety Act 2022

Following the introduction of the Building Safety Act 2022, if the proposed works involve:

- any new or existing buildings at least 18m in height or has at least seven storeys and
- contains at least two residential units.

you will need to review the Building Safety Act 2022 and take appropriate professional advice to ensure compliance.

#### Change of use

For properties in England, please refer to the Use Class Order 2020 to ensure that any proposed works are compliant and that the property continues to be a suitable SIPP investment.

#### Financing a development

You must ensure that sufficient money is available in your SIPP fund to cover the cost of a development. We cannot enter into any contract for development until such time that sufficient money is available. It is possible to borrow for this purpose. For further information, please refer to the section later in this guide entitled 'Rules on borrowing'.

It is possible to borrow additional funds from a commercial lender to finance works that add capital value. However please note, if considering borrowing for the purchase, the total borrowings must not exceed 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund.

#### Charges

If development of a property takes place within the SIPP, an additional charge is applied to cover the cost of our administration of the development.

#### Limiting our liability

We will only enter into a contract for works if our liability to the developer is limited to the value of the assets within your SIPP fund.

We will not enter into any building contract unless your SIPP contains a cash value equal to the contract value.

#### Residential development prohibited

Residential development cannot be carried out by the SIPP. Whilst the SIPP can pay for the cost of obtaining residential planning permission, the property must be sold before any development commences.

#### **Increased rent**

The development must add appropriate capital and rental value to the property and must not only be for the convenience of the tenant. The increased rent will be as advised by a Valuer and applied as soon as the development has been completed.

#### Who may a property be bought from/let to?

#### Letting the property

Commercial property can be leased to an independent third party. It may also be leased to you, your business partnership or a company connected with you provided it is on normal commercial terms at the full market rent (substantiated by a Valuer) under a formal lease.

The occupational lease must be on a full repairing and insuring basis. The rent is paid into the SIPP. Please bear in mind that we require a lease in place for all commercial property. Rent must be collected in accordance with the lease, which may include the use of bailiffs or result in legal action being taken against the tenant. These requirements stand whether the tenant is connected to you or not.

#### **Environmental risk**

#### Contamination

Contamination (including nuisance, injury and damage caused by it) attracts potentially significant financial liabilities. If decontamination and clean up works are required, the cost must be covered by the tenant (if they are at fault) or potentially your SIPP fund. Environmental due diligence must be undertaken prior to purchase, to identify possible risks. An environmental report must always be provided as part of your purchase proposal.

#### **High risk properties**

Landfill sites and sites which may have been subject to contamination in the past, e.g. gasworks, are not acceptable. Examples of properties which could be higher risk are paint shops, chemical works, dry cleaners, printers and certain manufacturing units.

We will not purchase historic, or change use to, operational garages/petrol filling stations or purchase any property with Japanese Knotweed present, or other non-native invasive species.

#### New build properties

If the property is newly or recently built then we will require copies of all the environmental reports carried out by the developer and confirmation that we may rely on them. We will also need sight of the Professional Indemnity Insurance of the environmental consultants concerned. We will not enter into a contract that requires us to give any environmental indemnity to anybody or any environmental acknowledgments.

#### **Unauthorised payment**

If the property is used by you or someone connected to you and rent is not paid on commercial terms, an unauthorised benefit tax charge may be levied against you personally and against the SIPP. These charges may also apply if rent is paid to you personally and not passed on to the SIPP.

#### Asbestos

Under the Control of Asbestos at Work Regulations 2012, it is a legal requirement that any commercial property with asbestos containing material (ACMs) present must have an Asbestos Register and Management Plan. Practical compliance with the Regulations will, in most cases, require an Asbestos Survey to be prepared by a suitably qualified person. We will not purchase a property without such a report and a plan, if necessary.

Similarly, please ensure you comply with the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005, and associated regulations and legislation, in respect of fire safety. It is considered best practice for these plans to be reviewed regularly.

#### **Regulations**

Responsibility for complying with the Regulations will generally fall on the person controlling the property. In a case where there is a single tenant, who is fully responsible for the property, the tenant will be primarily responsible for compliance. Where there is more than one tenant, the landlord may retain responsibility for common areas such as a communal hall or staircase.

Failure to comply with the regulations is a criminal offence. In cases where the responsibility for compliance rests on the owner, your SIPP fund will become liable to discharge the requirements of the regulations and meet any associated costs and penalties.

Non-compliance with the regulations may have a bearing on the acquisition price and/or on the saleability of the property.

#### Energy Performance Certificates (EPC)

From 1 April 2018, it became a legal requirement in England and Wales that, before any new lease (including lease renewals) can be granted to a new or existing tenant, an EPC assessment must be undertaken and an EPC certificate produced confirming an energy performance rating of band A-E.

As of the 1 April 2023, commercial landlords are not permitted to let or continue to let any buildings which have an EPC rating of F or G. Please ensure you have provided us with an EPC to evidence compliance with the legislation. Any exceptions must be registered on the Exemptions register. If you have any queries regarding exemptions, please refer to an EPC assessor. An EPC must therefore be provided to us as part of any purchase proposal. This EPC must evidence a rating of A-E.

If the property has an energy performance rating of F or G, we can only proceed with its purchase if the property is exempt from the EPC regulations. The exemption must be confirmed by a qualified EPC assessor and registered on the Exemptions Register.

We would recommend that you and your financial adviser review the published government guidance available at www.gov.uk (The Private Rented Property minimum standard) and take appropriate advice on how this legislation change could potentially impact your property investment. 8

#### Surveys/Valuations

#### Who will inspect and value the property?

The property must be inspected by a Valuer who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) or equivalent body and must not be connected to you. The report should be produced in accordance with the relevant sections of the current RICS Professional Standards (the 'Red Book').

#### **Ongoing valuations**

#### General property valuations

Please note that the property will need to be revalued every **five years** to ensure that the annual valuation of your SIPP fund is accurate.

Valuations may be required at other times in order to comply with legislation. Where you manage the property, you will need to instigate valuations in a timely fashion to meet these requirements.

#### Drawdown valuation requirements

A valuation will be required if you wish to take benefits from your SIPP. Once you start to do so:

- valuations must be undertaken every 3 years until you reach the age of 75,
- when you reach the age of 75, valuations must be undertaken every year.

Regular valuations ensure that the calculation of your benefits is accurate. If several SIPPs in different stages of drawdown own the property, valuations will be at the most frequent level (either every 1 or 3 years).

Valuers fees for revaluations will be payable by your SIPP fund. Please note that if a valuation cannot be carried out for any reason and you take drawdown benefits, the property value will have to be set to nil value for the recalculation of your SIPP income limits.

#### What we require from the valuer's report

- A basic description and assessment of the condition of the property, including the construction of the roof/flooring as per the valuers 'Red Book' instructions.
- A recommendation as to whether a full structural survey, environmental risk, contamination or asbestos survey is required. The report should specifically state whether such surveys are recommended or not and the Property Observation Checklist and Composite Panels Questionnaire (available on our website at www.jameshay.co.uk) must be completed.
- Colour photographs and an Ordnance Survey (OS) plan showing the extent of the property valued, in addition to street and location maps.
- The market value (there must not normally be more than a 10% difference between this and the proposed purchase price, and no difference between these figures if the property is being purchased from a connected party).

- A reinstatement figure for insurance purposes.
- A recommended current market rent (based on our standard lease terms). For these purposes the valuer will need to know how long you want the lease to run (it must normally be at least as long as the repayment period of any loan taken to assist with the purchase) and whether there will be any break clauses (allowing the lease to be terminated before the end of the term but not before the end of the loan period).
- The report must be less than twelve months old.
- An environmental screening report.

#### Report addressed to us

The Valuer's Report must be addressed to the Trustee. We may accept a report that has been prepared for a prospective lender, though it must be re-addressed to the Trustee as the client and contain, or be accompanied by, an identification plan and all other information referred to above. You will need to arrange the valuation, and provide this to us as quickly as possible, to avoid delays with the consideration of your purchase proposal.

Please be aware that if composite panels/cladding/RAAC are present then the Trustee will only be able to purchase the property should the appropriate specialist reports recommended by either the surveyor or insurers are provided at a cost to your SIPP.

#### No liability

We accept no liability in any circumstance for the condition or suitability of the property, or the financial strength of any tenant for the duration of the term of the lease. These are matters for you to satisfy for yourself before deciding to proceed with any purchase.

#### **Further investigations**

We will only ask for a structural survey if the valuation indicates it is necessary or if there are unusual repairing obligations contained within the legal documentation. If one is not requested, this in no way implies any acceptance of liability in relation to the structural condition of the property.

You will be responsible for the costs of all reports, which will be paid by your SIPP fund, even if as a result of these we are unable to proceed with the purchase. We may also, where a potential issue is identified or arises subsequent to the purchase, require a more extensive environmental report and for any recommended remedial action to be taken, at your SIPP fund's expense.

#### Instructing panel solicitors

Only a solicitor from our approved panel of solicitors can be instructed to act for the SIPP. You are welcome to contact any of them and discuss the services they offer and their legal fees for your transaction. For more information on the Solicitor Panel, please see the Commercial Property page of our website at www.jameshay.co.uk.

We'll ask the solicitors to keep you and your financial adviser, if requested, informed of the progress of the transaction.

#### Purchases

We are not in a position to instruct a panel solicitor or progress any borrowing until we have received:

- a fully completed and original signed Commercial Property Questionnaire,
- a satisfactory Valuation Report including the Property Observation Checklist and Composite Panels Questionnaire,
- satisfactory responses to any environmental surveys deemed necessary by us,
- a clear and accurate plan of the property and boundaries,

- if there is an existing long lease, we must see this before determining whether the property is acceptable, and
- existing occupational lease (if any) or heads of terms for a new occupational lease to be granted on completion.

#### Leases

Only a solicitor from our approved panel of solicitors can be instructed to act for the Trustee as landlord.

If the lease is being granted to you or your company as tenant, you should consult your own solicitor as to its provisions. This solicitor must be independent, and cannot be the same solicitor instructed by the Trustee.

#### All other transactions (including borrowing)

We will only instruct a solicitor from our approved panel of solicitors.

#### Legal fees

All legal fees will be paid from your SIPP fund.

## Arranging finance

#### Finance must be in place

Before the purchase can proceed, you must ensure that you have arranged the necessary mortgage to enable the purchase to be completed (including any short term overdraft required to cover any recoverable VAT payable on the purchase price if applicable).

#### Obtaining a mortgage

The mortgage must be provided by a commercial lender that is acceptable to us. The mortgage offer/facility letter/loan agreement must be addressed to the Trustee as borrower. We will contact the lender to provide details of our requirements.

#### **Rules on borrowing**

Legislation restricts the amount your pension fund can borrow to purchase a property to a maximum of 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund at the time the mortgage is actually drawn down. This limit applies at all times, and borrowing is only permitted for purchase, development or refurbishment.

We will check the value of your fund prior to exchange to confirm whether the borrowing proposed is within the 50% limit. We will take no responsibility for a change in fund value after that point. If the fund value subsequently changes, there may be tax implications if it transpires you have borrowed more than 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund.

No mortgages can be taken at any other time in respect of the property for any purpose even if your SIPP fund has not borrowed the maximum permitted. Where a share in the property is being bought out from another member's SIPP, however, a mortgage may be taken out for that purpose as long as this does not exceed overall 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund.

All borrowings for whatever purpose (including VAT) must not exceed 50% of the net value of your SIPP fund. Before purchase, we will need to receive all pension money so that we can confirm the value of your SIPP fund, and therefore the amount which may be borrowed. Please note that we cannot take into account any other money held with any other providers. We will not permit you to either lend money to the SIPP, nor you or any other person to act as guarantor of any borrowing personally.

#### Rent must cover mortgage payments

Problems may arise if the rent is not sufficient to cover the mortgage payments. The rental income must be at least:

- 110% of the mortgage repayment with a fixed rate loan.
- 130% of the mortgage repayment with a variable rate loan.

We cannot rely on you making further contributions each year to cover any shortfall, although you can make early capital repayments from your SIPP fund if the lender allows and you are willing for any penalties to be paid by your SIPP fund.

#### **Exchanging contracts**

Contracts cannot be exchanged until we have accepted the mortgage offer and/or have sufficient money in your SIPP fund to cover the purchase price and we are satisfied all of our requirements have been met.

#### **Unacceptable conditions**

The mortgage offer must contain a provision which limits our liability to the value of your SIPP fund. If a lender will not accept this condition, the borrowing cannot proceed with that lender.

Some lenders may insist on onerous conditions which are unacceptable to us e.g. a floating charge over our assets or an assignment of the rent. In such cases, you will need to arrange borrowing from a different lender.

#### Financial arrangements - your responsibility

We do not arrange finance for the purchase of your property, and cannot provide bridging loans. It is essential that you have enough money from contributions, transfers and/or a mortgage to complete the purchase, including all expenses such as legal and valuer's fees, stamp duty land tax, land registry fees, lender's mortgage arrangement fees, local search fees and our charges. We'll also need to receive all pension money before we can confirm the value of your SIPP fund, and therefore the amount that may be borrowed. Please be aware that if contributions are made net, then it may take between six and eleven weeks to reclaim the basic rate tax on the contribution, and this cannot be bridged by us or by outside finance.

#### Paying the mortgage

All mortgage payments, both capital and interest, must come from your SIPP fund and must not be paid by you directly to the lender.

#### Starting the mortgage payment

We need the equivalent of four months' mortgage payments to be available in your SIPP fund following the purchase, to ensure liquidity, in case there is a delay in receiving the first rental payment and to avoid the risk of unnecessary bank charges.

#### Existing properties used as security

In some cases, an existing property held in your SIPP fund which is not already subject to mortgage may be used as additional security to finance a new property acquisition. This is subject always to the overall limit on borrowing of 50% of the value of the whole fund.

#### Lender instructing own solicitor

If a mortgage is being obtained and the lender instructs their own solicitor, your SIPP fund will be responsible for all and any additional fees incurred as a result.

#### Ownership of property

#### We are the sole trustee

The property will be acquired in the sole name of James Hay Pension Trustees Limited, as sole Trustee of your SIPP fund. We need to be completely satisfied as to the legal title to the property. We reserve the right to appoint alternative trustees if necessary. We will not share ownership with a party outside the SIPP.

#### **Ongoing expenses**

You are required to ensure sufficient liquid funds are held in the SIPP property account to meet all ongoing liabilities. These can include, (but are not limited to):

- mortgage (if any),
- SIPP charges, and
- vacant property liabilities (if the property becomes vacant) such as, vacant rates, insurance, maintenance, security, marketing and other costs.

#### Leases

#### Lease required immediately

A formal lease must normally be entered into at the time of completion of the purchase unless:

- there is an existing occupational lease. Please let us see a copy of any existing lease at the earliest opportunity, or
- if development of the property is proposed, we will need a lease or agreement for lease that reflects the situation. Please refer to us for guidance.

The solicitors will prepare a lease (if needed), which will be supplied to the prospective tenant or their legal adviser as appropriate and will reflect the terms negotiated.

#### Lease terms

The lease must be:

- drafted by a solicitor on a commercial basis,
- be on fully repairing and insuring terms, and
- be at the market rent with upward only rent reviews.

We will not normally accept a property where the market rent is less than £2,000 per annum.

#### Length of lease

The lease must be a minimum term of three years, although it will need to be longer in cases where there is borrowing to assist the purchase. Your lender may also have other specific requirements. If costs due from your SIPP fund cannot be met, the property is at risk and we may be forced to sell the property against your wishes.

You will be the main point of contact for any property related creditors. Should the property be sold in negative equity and/or liabilities cannot be met from your SIPP funds, we reserve the right to pursue you personally for all outstanding charges, costs and expenses.

#### The tenant

The tenant cannot decide to pay a rent below the full market level, even if you or your company are the tenant.

We are required by HMRC to ensure that all rent is collected and any covenants in the lease are enforced. We must treat you as we would any other tenant. We will therefore take legal action, which may include the use of bailiffs, to recover any rents owed under the terms of the lease.

#### Name on lease

Rents can only be accepted from the tenant named on the lease. For example, if your company occupies the property then your company, not you as an individual, must be named as the tenant. If the name on the lease is incorrect, the lease will need to be assigned and this will incur additional legal and Valuer's fees which will be due from the tenant.

#### Paying the rent

Rent must be paid on the due dates shown in the lease, usually by standing order. It is also essential that the mortgage payments are due a few days after the rent is paid. We cannot be responsible for any late payment or interest charges if rent is not received in good time or for charges made for matters outside our control.

#### Property management

#### **Our responsibility**

Once the purchase of a property has been completed, the property must be properly managed. We offer two options for property management; either a management service via our managing agent, or in certain limited circumstances, a self-management option whereby you are responsible for managing the property yourself.

To ascertain whether the self-management option is available to you, please refer to the Property purchase and management options table earlier in this guide.

#### Option 1:

#### Our property management service

Our property manager is responsible for ensuring the effective management of properties including rent collection, property inspections and general tenant enquiries. We will refer all matters relating to works on the property to our property manager.

Interest is not automatically applied to rent arrears. This is at the Landlords discretion however please contact us to discuss further should you decide it appropriate.

#### **Unauthorised payment**

If the property is used by you or someone connected to you and rent is not paid on commercial terms, an unauthorised benefit tax charge may be levied against you personally and against the SIPP. These charges may also apply if rent is paid to you personally and not passed on to the SIPP.

#### Valuations

Our property manager will notify you when routine valuations of the property are due, normally every five years. The valuations do not necessarily indicate what the property would be worth if sold. The basis valuation is as defined by the RICS. This valuation will also provide an up-to-date valuation for insurance purposes.

#### Alterations, refurbishments and developments

Any proposed alterations, refurbishments and developments on commercial property should be notified to our property manager for approval. They will advise us on the rental and other implications associated with the proposals. However, if there are proposals under consideration at the time of an intended purchase, please supply full details to us rather than our property manager in the first instance.

#### **Annual charges**

We apply an annual property administration charge (payable from your SIPP fund) from which we cover the cost of our property manager's ongoing administration. Please see the Charges Schedule for your SIPP for details of the annual property administration charge.

#### Additional charges

Other services provided by our property manager such as valuations, rent reviews and consideration of proposals for works at the property are charged separately by them and the details of their charges are obtainable from them. If you prefer to instruct another firm of Chartered Surveyors in connection with valuations or rent reviews, we will normally agree to this.

#### VAT invoices for rent

VAT invoices will only be issued in respect of VAT opted properties. Applications for payment (which are not VAT invoices) will be issued prior to the due date and a VAT invoice will only be raised once rent is received. This procedure is followed to ensure that we are not liable to account for VAT on rent that has not been received by us.

#### Option 2: (if available to you)

#### Self-management by customers

If you choose to manage the property yourself (if this option is available to you), none of the services listed above will be provided by our property manager. You will therefore need to ensure all lease covenants are observed, and carry out the following:

- rent collection and payment to the SIPP, including other sums due under the terms of the lease, such as insurance
- property inspections
- provision of a helpdesk number for general

tenant queries

- collation of insurance information to ensure insurance cover is maintained
- maintain a record of valuation due dates
- maintain a record of forthcoming lease events, such as rent reviews, lease expiry, appointment of independent surveyors to undertake rent reviews, new leases, lease renewals and appointment of solicitors on behalf of the SIPP to prepare the necessary legal documents
- maintain a separate account for service charge management in line with the RICS Service Charges in Commercial Property code of practice.

#### Insurance

We must ensure the building is always insured. Accordingly, we regret we cannot agree to you arranging the insurance. Where we are asked to acquire a property for which a Superior Landlord or another party is contractually obliged to insure, we will consider whether we can accept this arrangement but even if we do, we may need to place additional insurance to ensure the full range of risks is covered. If there are any additional costs which fall outside the tenant's obligation under any occupational lease, they will be charged to your SIPP fund.

#### Our block policy

We will arrange insurance (from the time that contracts are exchanged) under a block policy we have with a leading insurance company.

The premium will be taken initially from your SIPP fund but, subject to the points above, this will be reclaimed from the tenant.

We may receive a commission payment, based on a percentage of all premiums paid and due in relation to the block policy. The amount received will (in whole or in part) be retained by us, and used to offset the costs incurred by us in administering the various properties. In addition, you will need to submit to us an annual property return to provide information on the following:

- rent received
- lease information and changes
- condition of property and tenant house keeping
- insurance information.

Should the management of the property and provision of the required information to us be insufficient or incomplete, then we reserve the right to appoint our property manager to commence management of the property at our discretion. Failure by you to remit all rents to the SIPP, failure to instigate rent reviews or lease renewals in a timely fashion or the occupation of the property without a lease, or any other failure to manage the property in accordance with normal commercial property management may all result in your removal as the property manager.

In the event this occurs, you will be charged the full management charge and it will not be possible to revert to self-management in the future. To avoid the risk of triggering an unauthorised benefit, no charges in respect of managing the property can be paid to you.

Insurance is arranged by our brokers, and is put in place to ensure that the property and the interests of us as owner and your investment are fully protected.

In the event that insurers repudiate a claim for any reason, we cannot accept any liability for the resultant loss to your pension scheme.

It is a requirement that the property is valued every five years to ensure adequate insurance cover is maintained.

Our insurers require information on the construction materials used in the property. Please ensure the surveyor who is inspecting and valuing the property completes the **Composite Panels Questionnaire**.

Please note that in all cases we insure for Property Owner Liability cover to a level of £10 million.

Please also be aware that three years' loss of rent will be insured in the event that the property or land is damaged and the property cannot be occupied.

#### Insurance (continued)

#### Renewal

The block insurance policy will be renewed on 1 May each year. Upon completion of the purchase, a proportion of the yearly insurance premium (for the period from completion to 1 May) will be due.

#### Your responsibility for temporarily vacant or void properties

#### Keys and intruder alarms

Arrangements should be made with the outgoing tenant to collect the keys and ensure the property is secure. If an intruder alarm exists, you will need to obtain the code and/or keys for the system. You must also arrange for any on-going maintenance contracts to be placed in the name of the Trustees or cancelled as appropriate.

#### Dilapidations

It is likely that the lease contains obligations for the outgoing tenant to meet in connection with repair and redecorations. You may wish to consider appointing a Chartered Building Surveyor to act on behalf of the Trustees and your SIPP to ensure that those obligations are met. Should you require assistance identifying a suitably qualified surveyor, please contact us.

#### Marketing

In order to ensure that the property remains incomeproducing, it is important that steps are taken to re-let the property as soon as possible. Set out below are our requirements:

- You should instruct a letting agent of your choice to market the premises. The level of fees payable to the agent should be agreed with you.
- Though prospective tenants may be given access to view, no person or business should be allowed into occupation, nor should any works begin (either by the member or a prospective tenant) without authority from us.
- The letting agent appointed will act on behalf of the trustees and all reports and fee invoices should be addressed to The Trustees. All fees will be payable from your SIPP.
- In instances where letting agents are not instructed or the property is let to a party connected to you, confirmation will be required from an independent Chartered Surveyor that the terms agreed represent normal market terms together with their opinion of market rent.
- Any new letting must be on commercial terms and be recommended as an open market transaction by the letting agent.
- Should marketing result in a sale, please contact us for our requirements.
- After you have taken professional advice, it is your decision on the suitability of the proposed tenant and you should obtain any references and trading accounts. You will be expected to provide evidence that these have been obtained. We will not be able to comment or accept any liability with regard to the suitability of a tenant, nor any resulting loss or diminution to the value of a pension fund arising from your decision to let a property.

#### Self managed properties

Please note that if you manage the property, it is your responsibility to notify the insurers of any substantial change which may affect the insurance cover. For example, part or all of the property becoming vacant.

- Once the above points have been satisfied and Heads of Terms (HoTs) agreed, our approval is required. Therefore, please ensure that HoTs are forwarded to us in a timely manner.
- We insist that the new lease and other legal documentation be prepared by one of our approved panel solicitors. For more information on the Solicitor Panel, please see the Commercial Property page of our website.
- You will need to issue instructions to the solicitor but please contact us for our requirements first.
- A colour lease plan, showing the property being demised, will also need to be incorporated into the lease. It will be your responsibility to ensure that a suitable plan is prepared.
- Please be aware that if a mortgage is in place, the bank's consent will be required to the terms of the new lease. Similarly, superior landlord's consent will be needed, if applicable. The solicitor normally requests such consents and any costs involved will be the responsibility of your SIPP.
- If the property requires expenditure in order to secure a letting, please contact us to discuss.

#### Asbestos survey

Arrangements should be made with the outgoing tenant to obtain the asbestos survey and management plan. If one has not been completed or cannot be located, you should consider whether an asbestos report needs to be prepared.

It is your primary liability to consider whether an asbestos report needs to be prepared and obtain one if necessary, but if we determine that such a survey is required and you have not organised this, it may be commissioned directly. In either case it should be paid for from your SIPP and any invoice should be addressed to the trustees.

It is considered best practice for these plans to reviewed regularly.

#### Fire risk assessments

Please ensure you comply with the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005, and associated regulations and legislation.

#### Your responsibility for temporarily vacant or void properties (continued)

# Your responsibilities to comply with insurance requirements

To notify the insurers and Trustee as soon as the property becomes vacant:

 It is your responsibility to obtain a final meter reading from the tenant for all utility supplies (electricity, gas and/or water, as applicable) and notify the relevant supply authority. You should continue to read the meters on a regular basis and advise the billing authority of the readings at least quarterly, to ensure that utility invoices remain accurate. You will need to negotiate the charge rate with the relevant supplier and ensure that all invoices are addressed to the Trustees.

We will authorise the invoices and arrange to pay these bills from your SIPP:

- The responsibility for payment of void Business Rates will fall to your SIPP to pay from the expiry date of the lease. You will need to notify the local Rating Authority of the date that the previous lease expired and that from the following date, void rates will be payable by the Trustee. You may wish to consider seeking to appeal the level of Rateable Value applied to the property. More information can be found at
- <u>voa.gov.uk/business\_rates/index.htm</u>.

We will authorise all rates invoices received where the property is vacant, and arrange to pay these bills from your SIPP:

- Portable heaters should be permanently removed from the property.
- Storm water drainage and valley gutters must be inspected and cleaned as soon as the property becomes vacant.
- Unfixed combustible materials both inside the property and within the perimeter fence should be removed.
- Tanks containing flammable liquid should be drained unless used to fuel any central heating system, which is being maintained during the winter period.
- The integrity of fences, gates and boundary walls must be maintained, and site gates, entry and exit doors must be secured by good quality locks.
- Letter boxes must be sealed and accessible windows and roof lights, regardless of the level at which they are installed, must be secured.
- Internal and external inspections should be undertaken. We recommend at least weekly or a frequency dictated by the insurance company to ensure that the building, or unoccupied portion, is secure and that no damage has occurred. Our property managers can organise this upon request with an appointed party however if the property is self-managed, it will be your responsibility to arrange with an appropriate, suitably qualified firm and evidence of the inspections will be expected. Any associated costs can be payable by the SIPP.

Insurers must be notified of un-occupancy as this is a material fact and they may wish to survey and/or require increased security.

For properties owned in the name of James Hay Pension Trustees Limited, please note the best practice guidelines below, which we would kindly ask to be adhered where possible to prevent loss:

#### **Unoccupied Buildings**

When any Building, portion of any Building or more than 25% of the Flats forming any Building become(s) Unoccupied:

- The Insured must notify the Insurer as soon as they become aware of such unoccupancy, and also when such Unoccupied Buildings, portion of any Buildings or Unoccupied Flats are again occupied;
- 2. The Insured should take reasonable measures to prevent damage which may include:
  - turning off the main services and draining the water system whenever the Buildings, portion of any Buildings; or flats involved are unoccupied, except: electricity when needed to maintain any fire or intruder alarm system(s) in operation; or water supply and heating system(s) where a sprinkler system(s) is in operation;
  - thorough inspection of the Buildings, portion of any Buildings or Flats internally and externally at least weekly by the Insured or a responsible person appointed by the Insured and maintenance of a record of such inspections;
  - iii. removal of any internal or external accumulations of combustible materials;
  - securing the Buildings, portion of any Buildings or Flats against unlawful entry by closing all doors and windows and setting all security locking mechanisms, setting any alarm system(s) and setting any other protective device(s) in operation.
- 3. The Insured must notify the Insurer as soon as they become aware of the Buildings, portion of any Buildings or Flats being occupied by contractors for renovation, alteration or conversion purposes.

For those SIPP properties not held in the name of James Hay Pension Trustees Limited, please ensure you have read and understood your chosen insurer's void or vacant property requirements or guidance. As a SIPP member, it is your responsibility to ensure you adhere to such requirements at all times.

#### Property purchase by more than one SIPP

#### How it works

It is quite common for one property to be purchased on behalf of several SIPPs. We need to establish a separate SIPP for each member, and our normal charges apply to each SIPP. It is not necessary to have an existing business partnership for this to be effected.

For Private Client SIPPs and Wrap SIPPs, we will not allow a property to be purchased jointly by a SIPP for which we are a trustee and a third party, including another SIPP trustee company.

#### How the shares are calculated

It is essential that we know what each member's share in the property is intended to be at the earliest opportunity.

Please note that:

- the share must reflect the sum each member's SIPP fund contributes to the purchase of the property
- it is not possible to make a gift of part of one SIPP fund's entitlement to another, nor for one SIPP fund to accept a disproportionate share of the mortgage liability in order to increase its share of the property
- in the event that one SIPP fund has insufficient cash to meet a liability, the relevant member will need to make a further contribution
- if at the time of purchase cash has to be used from one member's fund to cover a shortfall in another's then that will be reflected in an equivalent increase in that member's share of the property
- after the purchase has completed and the share in the property has been established, it is not possible for one member to cover another member's shortfall in funds for liabilities that may arise. This would constitute a loan and borrowing is only permitted from a commercial lender.

#### **Buying extra shares**

It is possible for one SIPP fund to buy a part or the whole of another's share of the property later. A valuation will be required, which must be no more than 12 months old. You will need to contact us for details when required and there will be a charge for the administration and calculation involved.

#### Joint agreement

We strongly recommend that you enter into a legal agreement to cover events such as death, retirement, disputes and new members acquiring an interest in the property. At such times the property would normally be revalued. We do not give advice on this type of agreement. You will need to take your own legal advice.

#### Transfer of property from another pension scheme

The transfer of a property from another pension scheme can be quite complex. Typically, a property will be held by a SIPP provider who wants to transfer it to a SIPP with James Hay Partnership. In these cases the normal charges apply, as do all our usual requirements as set out in this guide. If there is an existing mortgage we will require a new mortgage to be granted in our name. Our property managers will not be able to start collecting rent until the legal transfer has been completed.

#### Mortgage liability warning

We can only borrow up to 50% of the value of each SIPP fund. This means that individual SIPPs may have different shares of the mortgage. Most lenders will require that all customers' SIPPs are held jointly and severally liable for the whole mortgage irrespective of the percentages owned by each SIPP. If one member fails to hold sufficient funds for their proportion of any liabilities, the property could be at risk, even if you have funds.

#### Death or withdrawal of customer

In the event of death or withdrawal of a customer, the share owned by that customer's SIPP must be transferred to an existing customer's SIPP or a new customer's SIPP. If this is not possible, the property must be sold. Further borrowing is permitted for any buyout. Please remember that the normal borrowing limits apply and total borrowings for each SIPP fund must not exceed 50% of the net value of that fund.



Value Added Tax (VAT)

#### **Opting to tax**

It is possible for us to arrange to opt to tax (bring the property into the tax environment), for example, on the purchase of a freehold new commercial property where the purchase price is subject to VAT, or where major works are proposed in order that VAT that has been paid out may be reclaimed (please note, it takes several weeks to reclaim VAT). If the property is VAT opted, you cannot choose to manage the property yourself.

Where the SIPP is to acquire, lease or dispose of property used/to be used for storage, external VAT advice may be required by JHP prior to completion of the transaction. The cost of this VAT advice will be borne by your SIPP.

#### Taking advice on VAT

We will arrange to opt on receiving your or your financial adviser's written instruction. You should consult your adviser as to whether it is appropriate to opt.

#### Tenants exempt from VAT

Occasionally it may not be possible to opt, in which case VAT will be irrecoverable. One example is where the purchase price of a property, including any landlord works, is £250,000 or more and the member as tenant is wholly or partially exempt from paying VAT. You should seek professional advice if this situation is anticipated.

#### Transfer of going concern

If the property is currently subject to VAT, and we are able to opt, and there is already an ongoing tenancy in place, then it may be possible to dispense with the payment of VAT on the purchase price, as the purchase can be treated as a 'transfer of going concern' (TOGC). We notify HMRC of this at the time we opt. In some circumstances, it is possible that HMRC will overrule this concession after completion. If this happens, VAT becomes payable to the seller on production of a valid VAT invoice and can be recovered on the next VAT return.

As there will be a time delay in recovering the VAT it may be necessary for there to be sufficient money in the SIPP fund to pay the VAT to the seller.

#### Short term borrowing to cover VAT

Any VAT loan comes within the 50% borrowing limits, so the total of all borrowings must be no more than 50% of the value of your SIPP fund.



#### Who pays them?

The legal, Valuer's, and all other relevant fees together with all disbursements must be paid from your SIPP fund. If there are insufficient funds in your SIPP at the start of the transaction to cover expected fees, we will request a payment to cover these.

#### What are the charges?

Please refer to the Charges Schedule for your SIPP. The charges contained in the Charges Schedule are in addition to the legal and other charges and disbursements incurred in the purchase of the property. If the particular circumstances of the transaction are likely to require a significantly greater than normal amount of time from us, we reserve the right to apply an increased charge.

#### **Additional charges**

A new lease at a later date, or a sale or transfer out of the property from the SIPP, is normally treated as a further property transaction and we will make a charge for this. Please see the Charges Schedule for your SIPP for further details.

For any work we are required to carry out outside our normal responsibilities (e.g. involvement in litigation in connection with the property) we will make an additional charge. Any professional advice or assistance we may need in connection with managing your property will be charged to your SIPP fund.



#### **Cancelled transactions**

We examine each proposed purchase during every stage of the process to ensure it complies with HMRC and our requirements, as set out in this guide. There may therefore be cases where a proposed purchase will be declined at a late stage. Please refer to the Charges Schedule for your SIPP for details of our cancellation charge, which will be charged irrespective of the reason the purchase has been cancelled.

#### Panel solicitor's charges

Please contact your chosen James Hay panel solicitor to discuss their legal fees in advance of the transaction commencing. Their fees will depend on the nature and complexity of the transaction in question. Unfortunately, it may not be possible to reach a final view on the acceptability of a property until the instructed solicitors have undertaken some of their work and costs have been incurred, which will be met from your SIPP fund. This applies even if the transaction is cancelled because our legal requirements cannot be met.

#### Cancellation

If the property purchase falls through, the SIPP will remain in force and can only be cancelled if the start date is within the cancellation period. Contributions cannot be refunded.

#### Disclaimer

This guide may not be exhaustive, as we have found from experience that individual properties may sometimes have particular problems or involve additional costs that only become apparent after the legal work has commenced.

The information provided in this guide may be affected by changes in the relevant legislation. It is based on our interpretation of current legislation and should not be relied upon for detailed advice or as a statement of law. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure that the information is correct, we cannot accept any responsibility or liability for any omission or inaccuracy in the material provided in this document.

Please remember that the tax treatment depends on individual circumstances and current tax benefits may change in the future. You should seek advice from a financial adviser regarding the matters raised in this guide as to how they may affect you.

Remember that the value of your investments can fall as well as rise.

If you have any queries or would like any further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.



For further information, please call your Customer Support Team or our general enquiry number 03455 212 414.



## Frequently asked questions

What is the difference between freehold and leasehold property?	A freehold property is absolute ownership of the property. Leasehold is where the interest is a tenancy under a long lease, typically for 99 years or above. At the eventual end of the tenancy, ownership goes back to the landlord.
What do you mean by 'opt to tax'?	Commercial property is generally exempt from VAT. There are occasions where it is appropriate for a property to be standard rated and in order to achieve this, the property is opted to tax. Once the property is opted, VAT is charged on the rent.
Do I have to have an environmental report on the property?	Yes. A screening report is required initially on all properties which identifies, for example, previous uses of the property, areas of flood plain, areas of coal mining, etc. More detailed reports may be required as a result of this initial screening. Costs are paid from your SIPP fund.
How do I calculate that the mortgage payments meet your requirements?	The annual market rent or existing rent divided by 1.1 will give the maximum annual repayment amount for a fixed rate loan, OR divided by 1.3 for a variable rate loan.
Who completes the Composite Panels Questionnaire and Property Observation Checklist?	The Valuer, who must be a RICS qualified surveyor, and must be independent of you.
Can the tenant or vendor use the same solicitor as James Hay Partnership?	No. There must be separate solicitors to avoid a conflict of interest.
Who organises the lending and valuation?	You do, with your preferred lender and Valuer. We do not have a panel of lenders or Valuers.
What works can the SIPP pay for?	Items that are typically payable by a landlord and are not the responsibility of a tenant. Please read the <b>Commercial Property Works Guide</b> for further information available on the website at <b>www.jameshay.co.uk.</b> All proposed works must be referred to us prior to commencement.
Can the SIPP buy a property at auction?	Yes, but in practice there are difficulties due to timescales set by the auction houses and the legal obligations imposed on us by acceptance of the bid before our requirements can be met. For this reason we ask that you refer to us before the auction.

## How to contact us

If you have any questions after reading this guide, please contact us via secure message or write to us at:



James Hay Partnership, Suite 202 Warner House, 123 Castle Street, Salisbury, SP1 3TB

You can call us on the number below:



#### 03455 212 414

Lines are open from 8.30am to 5.30pm Monday to Friday. To help us improve our service, we may record or monitor calls.

Other commercial property guides and the relevant form(s) can be found on:



www.jameshay.co.uk

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