

The Benefits

Trivial Commutation Lump Sum

This factsheet is designed to give an overview of the rules applicable to the payment of a trivial commutation lump sum. Legislation allows, subject to certain conditions being met, for other small lump sums to be paid in respect of a member of a registered pension scheme. This factsheet covers the payment of a trivial commutation lump sum only.

FEATURES

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Trivial Commutation Lump Sum

What follows is applicable for commutation periods commencing on or after 27 March 2014, irrespective of whether the nominated date is before, on or after 27 March 2014.

Conditions that have to be met for a trivial commutation lump sum

1. The member has not been paid a trivial commutation lump sum previously from any registered pension scheme, except where that payment was made within the commutation period. This excludes any trivial commutation that occurred before 6 April 2006.
2. On the nominated date for the commutation period, the total value of the member's entire pension rights, including pensions in payment, does not exceed £30,000.
3. The member must have available lifetime allowance in order for the lump sum payment to be made. Generally, this should not be a problem.
4. The lump sum paid is the total entitlement to benefits under the registered pension scheme from which the payment is being made.
5. The lump sum is paid when the member has reached the age of 60.
6. Any contributions made after the nominated date cannot be paid as part of the lump sum payment. It follows that, if a contribution is made to a scheme after the nominated date, none of the benefits under that scheme can be commuted as the payment would not comply with condition 4 above.

However, any growth on pension rights held on the nominated date can be included in the payment.

What is the nominated date?

The nominated date is the date chosen by the member on which their pension rights will be valued for the purposes of Condition 2 above. This date must be either the start date of the commutation period or within a 3 month window ending on that start date. Consequently the member cannot choose a nominated date that is earlier than 3 months before their 60th birthday.

If the member fails to choose a nominated date, it will default to the first day of the commutation period.

What is the commutation period?

The commutation period lasts 12 months, during which time all trivial commutation lump sum payments have to be paid to the member. The start of the commutation period is the date of the first trivial commutation lump sum payment.

NB The member is only entitled to one commutation period in their lifetime.

Valuing pension rights for testing against the commutation limit

For defined contribution arrangements, uncrystallised funds are valued using their current market value.

Uncrystallised rights under a defined benefit arrangement are valued based on benefits accrued as at the nominated date:

$$20 \times \text{pension plus} \\ \text{lump sum (not provided by commutation)}$$

Pensions in payment at 5 April 2006 are valued using the following formula:

$$(\text{Maximum annual income as at 05/04/06} \times 25)$$

For example, if a SIPP member had a maximum annual income of £680 at 5 April 2006, the calculation in the 2014/15 tax year would be:

$$£680 \quad \times \quad 25 \quad = \quad £17,000$$

For funds that are crystallised on or after 6 April 2006 the value attributed for trivial commutation purposes is simply the amount that was crystallised at that time. The Finance (No. 2) Bill 2014 removed the requirement for these to be revalued in line with changes to the SLA.

Taxation of the trivial lump sum

Where crystallised rights are commuted they will be taxed as pension income when paid to the member.

Where uncrystallised rights are commuted, 25% will be paid tax-free and 75% will be taxed as pension income.

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